



THE PHILLIES WIN

ANARCHISTS' AFTER CROKER!

IMPERIALISM BRYAN'S TEXT

Notified of His Nomination,
He Promises Freedom to
Filipinos.

POLITICAL MAXIMS FROM BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Man is the handiwork of God; money the handiwork of man.
Democracy does not make war upon the honest acquisition of wealth.
Republicans cannot evade the issue of imperialism by pressing economic questions.
The Philippines do not need encouragement from any living American; our whole history is their example.
It was God himself who placed in every human heart the love of liberty.
A colonial policy means that we will send to the Philippines a few traders, a few taxmasters, and a big army.
A large standing army is ever a menace to a republican form of government.
What king ever promised a bad government to his people? If the Filipino is not a citizen, shall we make him a subject?

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 8.—William Jennings Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson were formally notified of their nomination for President and Vice-President, respectively, to-day at Military Park. The notification address was made by Congressman James D. Richardson, of Tennessee.
Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance consisted of an address of about 8,000 words, as follows:

MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Notification Committee:
I shall at an early day, and in a more formal manner, accept the nomination which you tender, and I shall at that time discuss the various questions covered by the Democratic platform. It may not be out of place, however, to submit a few observations at this time upon the general character of the contest before us, and upon the question which is declared to be of paramount importance in this campaign.
When I say that the contest of 1900 is a contest between democracy on the one hand and plutocracy on the other, I do not mean to say that all our opponents have deliberately chosen to give to organized wealth a predominating influence in the affairs of the government, but I do assert that on the important issues of the day the Republican party is dominated by those influences which constantly tend to elevate pecuniary considerations and ignore human rights.

IMPERIALISM NOT EXPANSION.

It is now proposed to seize upon distant territory already more densely populated than our own country, and to force upon the people a government for which there is no warrant in our Constitution or our laws. Even the argument that this earth belongs to those who desire to cultivate it and have the physical power to acquire it cannot be invoked to justify the appropriation of the Philippine Islands by the United States. If the islands were uninhabited, American citizens would not be willing to go there and till the soil. The white race will not live so near the equator. Other nations have tried to colonize in the same latitude. The Netherlands have controlled Java for 300 years, and yet to-day there are less than 50,000 people of European birth scattered among 25,000,000 natives.
After a century and a half of English domination in India, less than one-twentieth of 1 per cent of the people of India are of English birth, and it requires an army of 200,000 British soldiers to take care of the tax collectors. Spain has asserted title to the Philippine Islands for three centuries, and yet, when our fleet entered Manila Bay, there were less than 50,000 Spaniards residing in the Philippines.
A colonial policy means that we shall send to the Philippines a few traders, a few taxmasters and a few office-holders, and an army large enough to support the authority of a small fraction of the people while they rule the natives.
If we have an imperial policy we must have a large standing army as its necessary accompaniment.

WILD CHEERS FOR BRYAN AT NOTIFICATION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 8.—When William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois, were notified of their nomination for the office of President and Vice-President of the Republic in Military Park this afternoon, thousands of people witnessed the ceremony.
Senator James K. Jones, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was introduced by Mayor Taggart as presiding officer of the occasion. Senator Jones in a brief speech introduced Congressman James D. Richardson, of Tennessee.
Congressman Richardson was received with wild cheers as he mounted the stand to officially notify Mr. Bryan of the fact that he had been selected as Presidential nominee of the Democratic National Convention at Kansas City.
When Mr. Bryan arose to reply a demonstration occurred which perhaps has never been equalled in this city. When order was finally restored Mr. Bryan began his address, which was of considerable length. Cheer upon cheer greeted him at every telling period.
Gov. Thomas, of Colorado, followed, notifying Mr. Stevenson of his nomination. Mr. Stevenson replied in a somewhat shorter speech than that of Mr. Bryan.
There was a parade in the forenoon during which the nominees were loudly cheered.

EAST WIND COOLS CITY.

Heat Figures Take a Drop and New Yorkers Enjoy Temperate Weather.

THE FORECAST.

Forecast for the thirty-six hours ending at 8 P. M. Thursday, Aug. 9, for New York City and vicinity: Generally fair to-night and Thursday; light to fresh southerly winds.

Although to-day opened hot and muggy, an east wind that had been mildly blowing, gathered strength as the morning grew and by noon a cool wave had settled over the city and brought the heat figures to 75 degrees.
The afternoon weather was temperate, and promenaders found a stroll on Broadway quite the thing.
Forecaster Emery says the heat wave has not passed yet, and to-morrow may be another scorcher.
There was one death reported from the heat this morning. Thomas Bennett, thirty-eight years old, residence unknown, died at 7 o'clock this morning in a stable at 19 Livingston street.

Details of To-Day's Racing and Baseball Will Be Found on Pages 3 and 4.
The Sign of Safety.
The Governor of the Pennsylvania Railroad, in a dispatch to the public, has announced that the road is now open to traffic.

SAID TO HAVE BEEN THREATENED BY LETTER.

TAMMANY CHIEF DECLARES STORY A LIE—ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT FOUNDATION. HE SAYS, OVER LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE FROM SARATOGA.

The following story was printed this afternoon:
Anarchists have threatened to kill Richard Croker. The Tammany leader received a letter at Saratoga containing this death menace:
"YOUR TURN NEXT."
PATERSON ANARCHIST.
Herbert, the Democratic Chief's youngest son, confirmed the story this afternoon. "My father has received several threatening letters in the last few days. In the last was a warning that he is to be assassinated. It bore the postmark 'Paterson.' I think the writer was one of the Paterson group, to which Bruce, King Humbert's murderer, belonged. While my father is not afraid, he will take precautions. I am not alarmed. We will call the attention of the police to the letter, and try to find the author."
The Anarchist letter was written on ordinary white note paper. There was no effort made to disguise the handwriting. Targets against the Tammany "boss" have been heard before in Paterson. The "Reds" openly declared he had too much power in New York politics and ought to be removed.
The Evening World called up Mr. Croker at Saratoga by long distance telephone, and asked:
"Is it true, Mr. Croker, that you received an anarchist letter threatening your life?"
"It is not. I have received no such letter," he said.
"But your son Herbert is quoted as confirming it?"
"I don't see the story in the paper. There is absolutely nothing in it."

PHILADELPHIA.

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CHICAGO.

1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—3

BOSTON VS. PITTSBURG.

At Pittsburgh—Boston, 3; Pittsburgh, 2.

BRIGHTON BEACH RESULTS.

SIXTH RACE—Alma 1, Golden Specter 2, Locomotive 3.

AT HARLEM.

THIRD RACE—Gladie H. 1, Pansie Partout 2, Viking 3.

FOURTH RACE—The Unknown 1, Vitten 2, Popoan 3.

FIFTH RACE—Handford 1, Little Toss 2, Leando 3.

SIXTH RACE—Ben Chance 1, Mary 2, Barton 3.

AT ST. LOUIS.

THIRD RACE—Bridgeton 1, Orris 2, Hanson 3.

FOURTH RACE—Malay 1, Laureate 2, Harbison 3.

FIFTH RACE—Pleasdale 1, Oquish 2, Go To Bed 3.

SIXTH RACE—Applejack 1, Grantor 2, H. Kollar 3.

MORE TROOPS TO CHAFFEE.

QUEEN FEARS FOR ENVOYS

Prorogues Parliament in Gloom Over China Situation.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Parliament was prorogued to-day. In the Queen's speech the following reference to the Chinese situation occurs:
"The British and other legations at Peking have been unexpectedly attacked by an insurgent mob, and it is feared many of their inmates have been murdered."
"How far the Chinese authorities are accomplices in this atrocious crime and whether the British Minister and his family are among the victims are matters still in some uncertainty."
"The utmost efforts will be made by myself, and my allies will visit with punishment the authors of this unexampled crime."
"After a reference to the Boer war and the Ashanti rising the speech devotes a few words to the distress caused by the famine and plague in India and thanks the Commons for their liberality."

ENVOYS SAFE AUG. 3.

Legations Still Being Fired On and Sixty Men Had Been Killed and 110 Wounded by Rifle Fire.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The foreign envoys at Peking were safe on Aug. 3 and had not then left the capital for Tientsin.

THE LOSSES OF THE DEFENDERS UP TO THAT TIME WERE 60 KILLED AND 110 WOUNDED.

This official information was conveyed in a cipher despatch from Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Minister, in reply to a query from his Government. The despatch was read in the House of Commons to-day amid profound silence and is as follows:

"I have to-day received your cipher telegram, forwarded to me by the Chinese Minister. The shell and cannon fire ceased on July 16, but the rifle fire has continued from the Chinese positions held by Government troops and Boxers intermittently ever since. The casualties since then have been slight. Except one private of marines, all the wounded are doing well.
"The rest of the British in the legation are well, including the whole garrison. The total of killed is 60 and wounded 110. We have strengthened our fortifications.
"We have over 200 women and children refugees in the legation. The Chinese Government has refused transmission to telegrams in cipher until now."

COUNCIL LAYS OVER TAX-RATE REPORT.

The Municipal Council met this afternoon and received the report of the Finance Committee on the tax rates of Manhattan and Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond and laid it over for one week.
Pennsylvania Railroad Dining Car Service
Is hereby approved by all travelers. Check Collectors at Pennsylvania Station.

Minister Wu Told Imperial Troops Must Act with the Allies.

(Special to The Evening World.) Acting under instructions given two weeks ago, Gen. MacArthur has several regiments ready for immediate shipment when the orders are given. Transports are available at Manila, and those at Taku can be hurried across in less than four days if necessary.

AMERICANS MISSED PEITSANG FIGHT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The Navy Department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Remy at Chefoo:
"TAKU, Aug. 6.—Chaffee reports Japanese took Peitsang morning 5th. Engagement over before Americans arrived. Movement probably continued to Yangtsung. Inform Secretary of War."
The showing that no American troops participated in the fighting at Peitsang comes as a surprise to the War Department officials.
It was believed that Reilly's battery, part of the Ninth Infantry, two battalions of the Fourteenth Infantry and the marines were in the engagement. In one respect the intelligence is gratifying that no part of the 1,200 casualties can be placed to the Americans' account.

CHAFFEE'S REPORT TO WAR DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The War Department received the following despatch from Gen. Chaffee to-day:
"FRONT, Aug. 5.—Peitsang handsomely taken early this morning by Japanese troops supported by English and Americans. Japanese loss considerable. English slight. Americans none. Ground very limited."
"In morning American troops occupied rear position, which was to form turning movement, but were unable to form in the line. Pei Ho to left bank tomorrow morning and move on Yang Tsun. Consul Che Foo furnished copy despatch from Tsung Li Tamen dated July 26, which he has cabled."

ULTIMATUM PLACED IN MINISTER WU'S HANDS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—As a result of a conference between the President, Acting Secretary of State, Secretary Root and Gen. Corbin, a cablegram was sent early to-day to Consul-General Goodnow, including a copy of the despatch from Minister Conger and advising him of the situation as it is understood here.
He was directed to communicate this to Earl Li Hung Chang, to Sheng, and to such Viceroy as can transmit it to whatever Government there is in the Chinese Empire.
This cable contained what is said to be a VERY EMPHATIC STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF THIS GOVERNMENT AND SAYING THAT ACTION IS IMMEDIATELY NECESSARY. IT IS PRACTICALLY AN ULTIMATUM.
The State Department later informed Minister Wu that the Imperial Government must put its troops in friendly communication with the allied forces. Failure to do this will be regarded as an act of war.
This demand has been made to ascertain the precise attitude of the de facto Government and to secure a means of discriminating between those Imperial troops loyal to the Government and those in revolt against its authority.
The Government officials here regard the situation as very dangerous to Minister Conger and other foreigners in Peking, and grave doubt is expressed whether the international force can reach Peking in time to rescue the Minister.
A reply has been sent to Minister Conger by the State Department to the message received from him late yesterday. It advises him of the approach of the relief column and exhorts him to be of good cheer.
The despatch was sent direct to Minister Conger at Peking, and a duplicate of it to Consul-General Goodnow at Shanghai. Goodnow was directed to spare no pains or expense to get the message to Minister Conger.